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Question: After passing another vehicle, when is it safe to pull back into the lane? A. When you think there is a proper "Cushion" of spacer. When you look in the rearview mirror and see the other Tiresc machine. When the car flashes its headlights on youD. None of the aboveanswers: when you look in the rearview mirror and see the other car Tireshint: or, at higher speeds, when you can see a road in front of the other car tyres. No area of a truck If you can see the driver faces on the Side Mirrorsanswer truck: Falsession: under normal circumstances (light of the day with dry roads), a safety distance is: a. A length of the machine for every 10 miles of speedb. 3 seconds. 2 seconds. Both A and B are a correct answer; 3 secondsCordidenti to the National Security Council, this will give you a safety pillow of the distance between you and the vehicle in front of you. Question: In case of collision, wearing a seat belt increases your chances of surviving by more than 50%. Velenti: TrueQuestion: When you drive in the fog, you should use your: a. BASSA BASSA. High Beamsc. Just fog. Both A and B are correctNapanswer: Low Beamshint: High rays reflect back from the fog and cause glare. The fog alone does not provide sufficient light and the level of light is too low on the ground. The National Highway Traffic Security Administration, California, Florida, Texas and Wisconsin Dot all agree that driving with low beams or a combination of low beams and fog lights give better visibility in the fog.Question: one of the dangers of night driving is that darkness Admitted your ability to judge distances, movements and colors.answer: TrueQuestion: When driving, how far should you scan the road? A. Concentrate your eyes just beyond the cap ornament. Look at the horizon. Scan on a city block at a mile elevator. None of the Aboveanswers: Scanning on a city block a mile Start: in urban areas, scan on a city block in front of a city block or a mile in front of your vehicle. In the rural or motorway guide, scan about   to 1 miles from an advantage. Remember, the greater your speed, the faster you approach a danger: So the greater the need to scan later. Question: You could go right to another vehicle: a. Maib. On a multi-lane highway with two or more traffic lanes in the same direction. If the other vehicle is made, or in the process of doing, a turn left and a lane or shoulder is provided to pass on the right. Both B and C are correctSwer: both B and C are correctlyhint: on a multi-lane highway with two or more traffic lanes in the same direction or if the other vehicle isOr about to do, a turn on the left and the lane, shoulder or flooring on the right is free and free from obstructions that allow you to pass safely.Question: True or false: all the following are defensive driving techniques: accelerate to avoid passing, following the vehicle maintenance program, making sure your tires are in good condition, slowly driving in slow slow lane talk on your cellphone.A. Trueb. FalseANSWER: FalseQuestion: Which of the following is a type of aggressive driving A? Fill the gap in front of you to prevent another car from melting into your laneB. Quickly accelerate to a crossing to a Blessed the car next to youc. Drive slowly in the left lane to force other drivers to slow down downD. All aboveANSWER: All aboveQuestion: The best way to avoid aquaplaning on the wet is to: A. Drive around all puddlesB. Slow downC. Apply the brakes firmlyD. Both A and C are correctANSWER: slow downQuestion: A pedestrian is crossing your lane. He is crossing against the light and there are pedestrian strips. Yes: A. You can carefully drive around the pedestrianB. You must safely surrender the right of way and let the pedestrian cross the road, even if the pedestrian crosses against the lightc. It could slow down and continue until you can keep three feet apart between the vehicle and the pedestrianD. None of the aboveANSWER: must safely surrender the right of way and let the pedestrian cross the road, even if the pedestrian crosses against the lightQuestion: The two components of defensive driving are: a. You and the roadb. You and your vehicle. You and other driversd. Both B and CANSWER: You and Your VehicleQuestion: When you park uphill on a two-way road, your dear s front wheels must: a. Turn to righth. Turn to leftc. Step straight aheadd. Lean against an obstacle on board the roadwayANSWER: Turn leftHINT: Turn left because it causes them to come into contact with the curb and use the pavement as a wedge to stop the vehicle. Question: You and the other vehicles are approaching an uncontrolled intersection. You should treat it as if, what sign is present? A. A stop signB. A warning signC. A surrender signD. A signANSWER construction: a stop signHINT: A solitary driver approaching an uncontrolled intersection can treat the intersection as if a performance sign is present: you should cover the brake and go slow enough to stop if someone else is approaching. This is therefore a sign of imaginary performance (slow and proceed).Question: Road hazards, bad weather, road accidents, and conflict are some of the worst possible conditions a driver can faceANSWER: TrueQuestion: What are defensive driving techniques for rural driving and from one state to another ?a. Scan the road right in front of your hoodb. Look for hazardsc. road. Scan A1/2-1 mile aheadd. Both B and cANSWER: both B and cQuestion: Fog, snow and rain can reduce visibility and increase the risk of accidents and breakdowns.ANSWER: TrueQuestion: Passage has the following potential hazards: a. Be hit head-on.b. Be sideswiped.c. Running off road.d. All aboveANSWER: The abovequestion: one of the dangers of driving in snow and ice is a decreased possibility of skidding.Answer: falsequestion: yellow or green fluorescent signs in the shape of a diamond, a banner or a medium pentagon: a. Warningb. Zonec work. Broken route Railroad crossing Attention. TIP: They warn you to slow down and be ready to stop; of imminent intersections; of different types of highways, curves; traffic; etc. Page 2 Insurance premiums vary widely from the state, due to factors such as rural and urban drivers, the percentage of uninsured drivers, local cost-of-life figures and dangerous weather conditions. To get a closer look at state insurance costs, InsuranceQuotes.com has just released a report that measures average premiums using information from major insurance carriers in each state. He also created a "media" driver: someone who is employed and who leads a sedan of 2012, has a bachelor's degree, an excellent credit score and timeless in insurance coverage. More expensive: #5 Louisiana Insurance premiums for drivers resident in the Bayou State are 33 percent above the national average. Most of Louisiana is rural, which means lower crime rates, less cars, less congestion and less accidents. But Mike Barry, a spokesman of the Institute for Information of Non-profit Insurances, stressed that the state is high when it comes to natural disasters such as hurricanes, which can damage vehicles through floods, falling trees or debris thrown by high winds. More expensive: #4 Delaware Residents have auto insurance premiums that cost 41 percent over the national average. CarInsurance.com underlines that he has been having low liability requirements for personal injury, bodily and property damage insurance. It is also close to the bottom of the national list when it comes to car theft by state. But Delaware has a relatively dense population. It is also close to two of the nation's worst cities when it comes to car crash rates: Washington, D.C. and Baltimore, Maryland -- which could also play a factor. More expensive: #3 New York State auto insurance rates are 42 percent higher than national average. The New York City metropolitan region has some of the highest population density in the nation, so it is not a surprise that it also has high rates of theft and car collisions. Residents of the Brooklyn neighborhood of New York City have the highest car insurance premiums in the nation (Detroit is the first). In fact, residents of a particular Brooklyn ZIP code pay 151 percent more than average premium payment elsewhere in the state. But some other factors can be at stake. Mike Barry from the Informative Insurance Institute said that Metro New York still deals with the aftermath of Superstorm Sandy in 2012, "and statements made on flooded vehicles could still affect prices today. More expensive: #2 Rhode Island Can be theSmall state, but Rhode Island has some of the largest car insurance costs in the country. They are 45 percent above the national average. The state capital of Providence is one of the most important cities of the nation when it comes to car collision rates. And about 15 percent of the cars on the roads of Rhode Island are uninsured, insured, up rates for people who have insurance. The most expensive: #1 Michigan What is in Michigan? The average annual cost for a state car insurance policy is an amazing 136% over the national average. According to InsuranceQuotes.com, a couple of factors are involved. "Michiny is the only state in which car insurance includes an unlimited life of protection against personal injury, so this is one of the main reasons why car insurance is so expensive in Michigan", Laura Adams, the senior analyst company, said in a press release. "Since young people are more often injured in car accidents than older drivers, the cost of covering a life of medical expenses could easily rise in the range of millions of dollars," added Lori Conarton, Director of Communications for the Michigan Insurance Institute. Another problem is the unusually high number of Michigan drivers without insurance. InsuranceQuotes.com said some estimates say about half of drivers in Wayne County, where Detroit is located, have no car insurance. No surprise, so that Wayne County coverage costs 45% more than the Michigan national average. Less expensive: #5 Wisconsin Being a predominantly rural state means less cars and less traffic, and this helped Wisconsin maintain car insurance costs 28% below the national average. While the fares in the state's largest city, Milwaukee, are the most expensive in the state and almost twice as much as pays most Wisconsin drivers, the state capital of Madison is one of the best cities in the country when it comes to low car collision rates. Less expensive: #4 Maine The relatively small and predominantly rural population of Maine allows car insurers to maintain costs of 33% below the national average "We have few large urban areas, so we have less overall traffic problems, and we have no hail or tornado", Jeffrey McDonnell, president of Maine. Association Agent Insurances, recently said Insure.com. McDonnell also noted that Maine has one of the highest driver rates insured in the United States, "so we have more people sharing the risk." Maine has recently been listed as the least expensive state when it comes to securing 2015 editions of the top 20 best-selling vehicles. The state also has one of the lowest rates of theft of motor vehicles in the United States. Less expensive: #3 Ohio Being a partially rural state is just one of the factors that helped maintain Ohio car insurance rates 33% below the national average. But the intense competition between state insurance companies is definitely another. Insure.com, citing state data, says over 670 car insurance companiesbusiness in the state, which is second only to Illinois. "Ohio continues to be a strong advocate for its citizens and has a strong insurance department that remains on the front line as times are changing", Jeannine Giesler, president of the Professional Independent Agents Association of Ohio, told the website. A"You can get very competitive rates from independent agents.  competitive.  Expensive #2. Idaho With its auto insurance rates 37% below the national average, Idaho has the cheapest auto insurance in the Western United States. A recent Insure.com study said that the average premium in Idaho is about half what a driver would pay in Montana and several hundred dollars lower than the average fare in Oregon. Being a predominantly rural state certainly keeps down those auto insurance rates. However, Insure.com also noted that only about 7% of Idaho drivers are uninsured, compared to the national average of about 13%. Cheapest: #1 North Carolina At the top of the list with the nation's cheapest auto insurance, North Carolina has premium costs 41% below the national average. The Tar Heel State has some obvious advantages. As InsuranceQuotes.com points out, it is mostly rural. But as North Carolina insurance commissioner says on the State Department of Insurance website, the state also "establishes a cap on auto insurance rates, and insurance companies compete by offering discounts below the established cap". In fact, competition to sell insurance for lower auto premiums is intense. According to InsuranceQuotes, North Carolina insurers offer more than 2,000 different types of auto insurance discounts, "an unusually high number". Source: Also check out the following information: "A perfect driving record can't lower car insurance rates" How driving record affects premium car insurance

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